UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

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[X]	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 27, 201	
	(OR
[]	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECT EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from	
	For the transition period from	
	Commission file	e number <u>1-10435</u>
	STURM, RUGER	& COMPANY, INC.
		t as specified in its charter)
	Delaware	06-0633559
	(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. employer
	incorporation or organization)	identification no.)
	Lacey Place, Southport, Connecticut	06890
	(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
	(203)	<u>259-7843</u>
	(Registrant's telephone no	umber, including area code)
r	15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during	t(1) has filed all reports required to be filed by section 13 or the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the has been subject to such requirements for the past 90 days.
F	Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File requi	nt has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate ired to be submitted and posted pursuant to rule 405 of e preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Yes [X] No []
a	accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. Seand "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the	ant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non- be definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", the Exchange Act. Large accelerated filer [X] Accelerated forting company []
F	Indicate by check mark whether the registre Exchange Act). Yes [] No [X]	ant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the
\$	The number of shares outstanding of the issues $19,417,887$.	er's common stock as of October 29, 2014: Common Stock,

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands)

	September 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
	2014	(Note)
		(11010)
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 28,054	\$ 55,064
Trade receivables, net	45,842	67,384
Gross inventories	92,401	64,199
Less LIFO reserve	(39,679)	(38,516)
Less excess and obsolescence reserve	(5,018)	(2,422)
Net inventories	47,704	23,261
	7 201	7.607
Deferred income taxes	7,381	7,637
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,534	4,280
Total Current Assets	131,515	157,626
Property, plant and equipment	277,508	250,127
Less allowances for depreciation	(174,236)	(149,099)
Net property, plant and equipment	103,272	101,028
		_
Other assets	30,490	18,464
Total Assets	\$265,277	\$277,118

Note:

The balance sheet at December 31, 2013 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except share data)

	September 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
		(Note)
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities		
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 24,605	\$ 46,991
Product liability	643	971
Employee compensation and benefits	18,053	34,626
Workers' compensation	5,310	5,339
Income taxes payable	370	239
Total Current Liabilities	48,981	88,166
Product liability	234	265
Deferred income taxes	9,856	9,601
	,	,
Contingent liabilities – Note 10		
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock, non-voting, par value \$1:		
Authorized shares 50,000; none issued		
Common Stock, par value \$1:		
Authorized shares $-40,000,000$		
2014 – 23,717,321 issued,		
19,417,887 outstanding		
2013 – 23,647,350 issued,	22.515	20 45
19,347,916 outstanding	23,717	23,647
Additional paid-in capital	24,018	20,614
Retained earnings	215,734	192,088
Less: Treasury stock – at cost	(27.994)	(27 004)
2014 and 2013 – 4,299,434 shares	(37,884)	(37,884)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss Total Stockholders' Equity	(19,379)	(19,379)
Total Stockholders' Equity Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	206,206	179,086
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$265,277	\$277,118

Note:

The balance sheet at December 31, 2013 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Mon	ths Ended
	September 27,	September 28,	September 27,	September 28,
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net firearms sales	\$97,847	\$167,234	\$420,026	\$497,461
Net castings sales	480	3,708	1,843	8,915
Total net sales	98,327	170,942	421,869	506,376
Cost of products sold	74,589	108,002	286,655	311,403
Gross profit	23,738	62,940	135,214	194,973
Operating expenses:				
Selling	7,586	9,662	32,069	37,250
General and administrative	6,192	8,207	22,168	24,967
Other operating expenses, net		287		49
Total operating expenses	13,778	18,156	54,237	62,266
Operating income	9,960	44,784	80,977	132,707
Other income:				
Interest expense, net	(37)	(40)	(110)	(95)
Other income, net	673	408	1,168	769
Total other income, net	636	368	1,058	674
Income before income taxes	10,596	45,152	82,035	133,381
Income taxes	3,815	16,481	28,648	48,684
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 6,781	\$ 28,671	\$ 53,387	\$ 84,697
Basic earnings per share	\$0.35	\$ 1.48	\$2.75	\$ 4.38
Fully diluted earnings per share	\$0.34	\$ 1.44	\$2.69	\$ 4.25
Cash dividends per share	\$0.450	\$0.650	\$1.480	\$1.544

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (Dollars in thousands)

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$23,647	\$20,614	\$192,088	\$(37,884)	\$(19,379)	\$179,086
Net income and comprehensive income			53,387			53,387
Dividends paid			(28,728)			(28,728)
Unpaid dividends accrued			(1,013)			(1,013)
Recognition of stock-based compensation expense		4,193				4,193
Exercise of stock options and vesting of RSU's		(2,340)				(2,340)
Tax benefit realized from exercise of stock options and vesting of RSU's		1,621				1,621
Common stock issued – compensation plans	70	(70)				-
Balance at September 27, 2014	\$23,717	\$24,018	\$215,734	\$(37,884)	\$(19,379)	\$206,206

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands)

	Nine Mor	nths Ended
		September 28,
	2014	2013
Operating Activities	A 50 00=	
Net income	\$ 53,387	\$ 84,697
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	26,820	14,177
Slow moving inventory valuation adjustment	2,615	237
Stock-based compensation	4,193	3,973
Gain on sale of assets	(8)	(99)
Deferred income taxes	511	607
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Trade receivables	21,542	(20,815)
Inventories	(27,058)	(4,196)
Trade accounts payable and accrued expenses	(22,414)	709
Employee compensation and benefits	(17,586)	15,350
Product liability	(360)	508
Prepaid expenses, other assets and other liabilities	(10,819)	(14,309)
Income taxes payable	131	2,901
Cash provided by operating activities	30,954	83,740
Investing Activities		
Property, plant and equipment additions	(28,696)	(30,600)
Proceeds from sale of assets	179	120
Cash used for investing activities	(28,517)	(30,480)
Financing Activities		
Tax benefit from exercise of stock options and vesting of RSU's Remittance of taxes withheld from employees related to	1,621	2,290
share-based compensation	(2,363)	(2,414)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	23	(2,+1+)
Dividends paid	(28,728)	(29,858)
Cash used for financing activities	(29,447)	(29,982)
	(=>,)	(=>,>==)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(27,010)	23,278
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	55,064	30,978
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$28,054	\$ 54,256

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share)

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring accruals, considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods. Operating results for the nine months ended September 27, 2014 may not be indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2014. These financial statements have been prepared on a basis that is substantially consistent with the accounting principles applied in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization:

Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") is principally engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of firearms to domestic customers. Approximately 99.6% of the Company's total sales for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 were firearms sales, and approximately 0.4% were investment castings sales. Export sales represent approximately 5% of total sales. The Company's design and manufacturing operations are located in the United States and almost all product content is domestic.

The Company's firearms are sold through a select number of independent wholesale distributors principally to the commercial sporting market.

The Company manufactures investment castings made from steel alloys for internal use in its firearms and utilizes available investment casting capacity to manufacture and sell castings to unaffiliated, third-party customers.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, approximate fair value due to the short-term maturity of these items.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - INVENTORIES

Inventories are valued using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method can be made only at the end of each year based on the inventory levels and costs existing at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations must necessarily be based on management's estimates of expected year-end inventory levels and costs. Because these are subject to many factors beyond management's control, interim results are subject to the final year-end LIFO inventory valuation.

Inventories consist of the following:

	September 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
Inventory at FIFO		
Finished products	\$ 22,660	\$ 6,552
Materials and work in process	69,741	57,647
Gross inventories	92,401	64,199
Less: LIFO reserve	(39,679)	(38,516)
Less: excess and obsolescence reserve	(5,018)	(2,422)
Net inventories	\$ 47,704	\$ 23,261

NOTE 4 - LINE OF CREDIT

The Company has a \$40 million revolving line of credit with a bank. This facility is renewable annually and terminates on June 15, 2015. Borrowings under this facility bear interest at LIBOR (0.582% at September 27, 2014) plus 200 basis points. The Company is charged three-eighths of a percent (0.375%) per year on the unused portion. At September 27, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company was in compliance with the terms and covenants of the credit facility, which remains unused.

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

<u>Defined Benefit Plans</u>

In 2007, the Company amended its hourly and salaried defined benefit pension plans to freeze the benefits for current participants and to discontinue the plans for all future employees. All active participants became fully vested in the amount of benefit services accrued through December 31, 2007 and no benefits have accrued since that date. Currently, the Company provides supplemental discretionary contributions to substantially all employees' individual 401(k) accounts.

The Company expects to fully fund and terminate the plans in accordance with Internal Revenue Service and Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation requirements in the fourth quarter of 2014. Plan

participants will not be adversely affected by the plan terminations, but rather will have their benefits either converted into a lump sum cash payment or an annuity contract placed with an insurance carrier.

The settlement and termination of the frozen pension plans are expected to result in a cash payment of approximately \$8 million and an income statement expense of approximately \$40 million in the fourth quarter of 2014.

<u>Defined Contribution Plan</u>

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company modified the terms of its 401(k) plan and now matches a certain portion of employee contributions. Expenses related to these matching contributions totaled \$0.6 million and \$2.5 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, and \$0.6 million and \$2.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, respectively. The Company plans to contribute approximately \$0.7 million to the plan in matching employee contributions during the remainder of 2014.

In addition, the Company provided supplemental discretionary contributions to the 401(k) plan totaling \$0.9 million and \$4.6 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, and \$1.3 million and \$3.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2013, respectively. The Company plans to contribute approximately \$0.9 million in supplemental contributions to the plan during the remainder of 2014.

NOTE 6 - INCOME TAXES

The Company's 2014 and 2013 effective tax rates differ from the statutory federal tax rate due principally to state income taxes partially offset by tax benefits related to the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. The Company's effective income tax rate in the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 was 36.0% and 34.9%, respectively. The Company's effective income tax rate in the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013 was 36.5%. The decrease in the effective income tax rate in 2014 is due to the recognition of an increase in the 2013 domestic production activities deduction.

Income tax payments in the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 totaled \$2.9 million and \$25.4 million, respectively. Income tax payments in the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013 totaled \$15.7 million and \$42.9 million, respectively.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2011.

The Company does not believe it has included any "uncertain tax positions" in its federal income tax return or any of the state income tax returns it is currently filing. The Company has made an evaluation of the potential impact of additional state taxes being assessed by jurisdictions in which the Company does not currently consider itself liable. The Company does not anticipate that such additional taxes, if any, would result in a material change to its financial position.

NOTE 7 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Set forth below is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator for basic and diluted earnings per share calculations for the periods indicated:

	Three Mo	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 27,	September 28,	September 27,	September 28,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Numerator:					
Net income	\$6,781	\$28,671	\$53,387	\$84,697	
Denominator:					
Weighted average number of common					
shares outstanding – Basic	19,417,437	19,344,584	19,398,184	19,320,328	
Dilutive effect of options and restricted stock units outstanding					
under the Company's employee compensation plans	515,875	603,470	480,873	591,792	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – Diluted	19,933,312	19,948,054	19,879,057	19,912,120	

The dilutive effect of outstanding options and restricted stock units is calculated using the treasury stock method. There were no stock options that were anti-dilutive and therefore not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation.

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATION PLANS

In April 2007, the Company adopted and the shareholders approved the 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2007 SIP") under which employees, independent contractors, and non-employee directors may be granted stock options, restricted stock, deferred stock awards, and stock appreciation rights, any of which may or may not require the satisfaction of performance objectives. Vesting requirements are determined by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. The Company has reserved 2,550,000 shares for issuance under the 2007 SIP, of which 633,000 shares remain available for future grants as of September 27, 2014.

Compensation costs related to all share-based payments recognized in the statements of operations aggregated \$1.4 million and \$4.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, and \$1.3 million and \$4.0 million for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, respectively.

Stock Options

A summary of changes in options outstanding under the plans is summarized below:

		Weighted	
		Average	
		Exercise	Grant Date
	Shares	Price	Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2013	57,221	\$8.66	\$6.65
Granted	-	-	-
Exercised	(16,244)	\$8.25	\$7.54
Expired	-	-	-
Outstanding at September 27, 2014	40,977	\$8.82	\$6.29

The aggregate intrinsic value (mean market price at September 27, 2014 less the weighted average exercise price) of options outstanding under the plans was approximately \$1.6 million.

Restricted Stock Units

Beginning in the second quarter of 2009, the Company began granting restricted stock units to senior employees in lieu of incentive stock options. The vesting of these awards is dependent on the achievement of corporate objectives established by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Beginning in 2011, a three year vesting period was added to the performance criteria, which had the effect of requiring both the achievement of the corporate performance objectives and the satisfaction of the vesting period.

There were no restricted stock units issued during the three months ended September 27, 2014. There were 65,908 restricted stock units issued during the nine-month period then ended. Total compensation costs related to these restricted stock units are \$4.2 million. These costs are being recognized ratably over the vesting period of three years. Total compensation costs related to restricted stock units were \$1.4 million and \$4.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, and \$1.3 million and \$3.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, respectively.

NOTE 9 - OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has two reportable segments: firearms and investment castings. The firearms segment manufactures and sells rifles, pistols, and revolvers principally to a select number of independent wholesale distributors primarily located in the United States. The investment castings segment manufactures and sells steel investment castings.

Selected operating segment financial information follows:

(in thousands)	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 27,	September 28,	September 27,	September 28,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net Sales					
Firearms	\$97,847	\$167,234	\$420,026	\$497,461	
Castings					
Unaffiliated	480	3,708	1,843	8,915	
Intersegment	7,043	7,397	25,949	23,152	
	7,523	11,105	27,792	32,067	
Eliminations	(7,043)	(7,397)	(25,949)	(23,152)	
	\$98,327	\$170,942	\$421,869	\$506,376	
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes					
Firearms	\$ 8,795	\$46,084	\$81,018	\$135,407	
Castings	1,299	(1,052)	243	(1,998)	
Corporate	502	120	774	(28)	
	\$10,596	\$45,152	\$82,035	\$133,381	

		September 27, 2014	December 31, 2013
Identifiable Assets			
Firearms		\$214,214	\$201,660
Castings		14,195	11,402
Corporate		36,868	64,056
		\$265,277	\$277,118

NOTE 10 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As of September 27, 2014, the Company was a defendant in approximately three (3) lawsuits and is aware of certain other such claims. The lawsuits fall into three general categories, traditional products liability, municipal litigation, and commercial litigation, discussed in turn below.

Traditional Product Liability Litigation

One of the three lawsuits mentioned above involves claims for damages related to allegedly defective product design and/or manufacture. This lawsuit stems from a specific incident of personal injury and is based on traditional product liability theories such as strict liability, negligence and/or breach of warranty.

The Company management believes that the allegations in this case are unfounded, and that the incident was caused by the negligence and/or misuse of the firearms by third-parties or the claimant, and that there should be no recovery against the Company.

Municipal Litigation

Municipal litigation generally includes those cases brought by cities or other governmental entities against firearms manufacturers, distributors and retailers seeking to recover damages allegedly arising out of the misuse of firearms by third-parties.

There is only one remaining lawsuit of this type, filed by the City of Gary in Indiana State Court, over ten years ago. The complaint in that case seeks damages, among other things, for the costs of medical care, police and emergency services, public health services, and other services as well as punitive damages. In addition, nuisance abatement and/or injunctive relief is sought to change the design, manufacture, marketing and distribution practices of the various defendants. The suit alleges, among other claims, negligence in the design of products, public nuisance, negligent distribution and marketing, negligence per se and deceptive advertising. The case does not allege a specific injury to a specific individual as a result of the misuse or use of any of the Company's products.

After a long procedural history, the case was scheduled for trial on June 15, 2009. The case was not tried on that date and no subsequent scheduling order has been entered. There has been no activity since that time.

Commercial Litigation

From time to time, the Company may be involved in commercial disputes that result in litigation. These disputes run the gamut and may involve intellectual property, real property, supply or distribution agreements, contract disputes, or other, general commercial matters. As of September 27, 2014, the Company was involved in one such lawsuit and is aware of certain other such claims.

Summary of Claimed Damages and Explanation of Product Liability Accruals

Punitive damages, as well as compensatory damages, are demanded in certain of the lawsuits and claims. Aggregate claimed amounts presently exceed product liability accruals and applicable insurance coverage. For product liability claims made after July 10, 2000, coverage is provided on an annual basis for losses exceeding \$5 million per claim, or an aggregate maximum loss of \$10 million annually, except for certain new claims which might be brought by governments or municipalities after July 10, 2000, which are excluded from coverage.

The Company management monitors the status of known claims and the product liability accrual, which includes amounts for asserted and unasserted claims. While it is not possible to forecast the outcome of litigation or the timing of costs, in the opinion of management, after consultation with special and corporate counsel, it is not probable and is unlikely that litigation, including punitive damage claims, will have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company, but may have a material impact on the Company's financial results for a particular period.

Product liability claim payments are made when appropriate if, as, and when claimants and the Company reach agreement upon an amount to finally resolve all claims. Legal costs are paid as the lawsuits and claims develop, the timing of which may vary greatly from case to case. A time schedule

cannot be determined in advance with any reliability concerning when payments will be made in any given case.

Provision is made for product liability claims based upon many factors related to the severity of the alleged injury and potential liability exposure, based upon prior claim experience. Because the Company's experience in defending these lawsuits and claims is that unfavorable outcomes are typically not probable or estimable, only in rare cases is an accrual established for such costs. In most cases, an accrual is established only for estimated legal defense costs. Product liability accruals are periodically reviewed to reflect then-current estimates of possible liabilities and expenses incurred to date and reasonably anticipated in the future. Threatened product liability claims are reflected in the Company's product liability accrual on the same basis as actual claims; i.e., an accrual is made for reasonably anticipated possible liability and claims-handling expenses on an ongoing basis.

A range of reasonably possible loss relating to unfavorable outcomes cannot be made. However, in product liability cases in which a dollar amount of damages is claimed, the amount of damages claimed, which totaled \$1.3 million and \$0.2 million at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, are set forth as an indication of possible maximum liability that the Company might be required to incur in these cases (regardless of the likelihood or reasonable probability of any or all of this amount being awarded to claimants) as a result of adverse judgments that are sustained on appeal.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 29, 2014, Board of Directors authorized a dividend of 14¢ per share, for shareholders of record as of November 12, 2014, payable on November 26, 2014.

On October 20, 2014 the Company entered into an agreement to settle and terminate its frozen hourly and salaried defined benefit plans. This settlement and termination are expected to result in a cash payment of approximately \$8 million and an income statement expense of approximately \$40 million in the fourth quarter of 2014.

The Company has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to September 27, 2014 and determined that there were no other unreported events or transactions that would have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Company Overview

Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") is principally engaged in the design, manufacture, and sale of firearms to domestic customers. Approximately 99.6% of the Company's total sales for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 were firearms sales, and 0.4% were investment castings sales. Export sales represent approximately 5% of total sales. The Company's design and manufacturing operations are located in the United States and almost all product content is domestic. The Company's firearms are sold through a select number of independent wholesale distributors, principally to the commercial sporting market.

The Company also manufactures investment castings made from steel alloys for internal use in its firearms and for sale to unaffiliated, third-party customers.

Orders of many models of firearms from the independent distributors tend to be stronger in the first quarter of the year and weaker in the third quarter of the year. This is due in part to the timing of the distributor show season, which occurs during the first quarter.

Results of Operations

Demand

The decline in demand for the Company's products accelerated during the third quarter of 2014, with sales declining 43% year over year and estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retail declining 44% year over year. During this period, consumer demand appeared to decline only 3% year over year (as evidenced by the change in National Instant Criminal Background Check System ("NICS") background checks, as adjusted by the National Shooting Sports Foundation).

The primary causes for the year over year decline in demand for the Company's products during the third quarter included:

- the reduction in overall consumer demand, combined with high inventory levels at retail,
- retailers buying fewer firearms than they were selling, in an effort to reduce their inventories and generate cash,
- these factors led to aggressive price discounting by many of our competitors (this price discounting was not matched by the Company, and likely resulted in lost market share).

The reduction in consumer demand for the Company's products was further exacerbated by:

- the lack of significant new product introductions from the Company, and
- the continued limited availability of rimfire ammunition (which the Company believes adversely affected retail sales of .22 rifles, pistols and revolvers).

Demand for higher-margin firearms accessories, especially magazines, which were in very strong demand throughout 2013 decreased significantly in the third quarter of 2014.

New products represented \$72.3 million or 17% of firearm sales in the first nine months of 2014. At the end of September, the Company launched the AR-556 modern sporting rifle. Shipments of the AR-556 in the third quarter were limited and therefore did not meaningfully impact the financial results of the period.

Estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retailers and total adjusted NICS background checks for the trailing seven quarters was as follows:

	2014				2013		
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Estimated Units Sold from Distributors to Retailers (1)	292,900	388,900	565,400	495,300	521,700	560,200	514,200
Total adjusted NICS Background Checks (thousands) (2)	2,830	2,672	3,459	3,932	2,907	3,032	4,926

- (1) The estimates for each period were calculated by taking the beginning inventory at the distributors, plus shipments from the Company to distributors during the period, less the ending inventory at distributors. These estimates are only a proxy for actual market demand as they:
 - Rely on data provided by independent distributors that are not verified by the Company,
 - Do not consider potential timing issues within the distribution channel, including goodsin-transit, and
 - Do not consider fluctuations in inventory at retail.
- (2) While NICS background checks are not a precise measure of retail activity, they are commonly used as a proxy for retail demand. NICS background checks are performed when the ownership of most firearms, either new or used, is transferred by a Federal Firearms Licensee. NICS background checks are also performed for permit applications, permit renewals, and other administrative reasons.

The adjusted NICS data presented above was derived by the NSSF by subtracting out NICS checks that are not directly related to the sale of a firearm, including checks used for concealed carry (CCW) permit application checks as well as checks on active CCW permit databases. While not a direct correlation to firearms sales, the NSSF-adjusted NICS data provides a more accurate picture of current market conditions than raw NICS data.

Orders Received and Ending Backlog

The Company places little weight on incoming orders and backlog as useful planning metrics. Instead, the Company uses the estimated unit sell-through of our products from the independent distributors to retailers, along with inventory levels at the independent distributors and at the Company, as the key metrics for planning production levels.

Net orders received in the first nine months of 2014 decreased 65% from the comparable prior year period and our ending order backlog of 824,700 units at September 27, 2014 decreased 1.1 million units from backlog of 1.9 million units at September 28, 2013. This year-over-year decrease is due to the reduction in demand in 2014 and the unprecedented level of orders received in the first quarter of 2013.

The units ordered, value of orders received and ending backlog, net of excise tax, for the trailing seven quarters are as follows (dollars in millions, except average sales price):

(All amounts shown are net of Federal Excise Tax of 10% for handguns and 11% for long guns.)

	2014			2013			
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Units Ordered	155,900	145,200	395,000	249,700	390,400	525,600	1,085,300
Orders Received	\$50.1	\$42.2	\$119.8	\$79.5	\$94.9	\$150.9	\$310.7
Average Sales Price of Units Ordered	\$321	\$291	\$303	\$318	\$243	\$286	\$291
Ending Backlog	\$242.9	\$289.1	\$396.5	\$440.6	\$534.1	\$590.3	\$602.3
Average Unit Sales Price of Ending Backlog	\$295	\$293	\$293	\$290	\$285	\$290	\$288

Production

The Company reviews the estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retailers, as well as inventory levels at the independent distributors and at the Company, semi-monthly in an effort to plan production levels and mitigate increases in inventory. These reviews resulted in decreased total unit production of 36% and 8%, respectively, for the three and nine months ending September 27, 2014 from the comparable prior year periods.

As estimated sell-through decreased, the Company managed its labor force by limiting the hiring of new employees, reducing overtime hours, and allowing attrition to reduce its total employee base. The Company's compensation structure includes a significant performance-based incentive compensation component which allows for a more rapid reduction in labor cost. For reference, in 2013 performance-based incentive compensation comprised at least 25% of individual employee compensation.

Capital expenditures have been curtailed by the cancellation or delay of purchase orders. In addition, due to the decline in demand in certain mature product lines, some manufacturing equipment from the production cells for those products was redeployed to production cells being developed for new products or to replace older equipment in other production cells.

In 2013, the Company revised its estimate of the useful life of machinery and equipment from 10 to 7 years. This change, which became effective December 31, 2013, resulted in increased depreciation expense of \$2 million and \$6 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively. The Company estimates that this change will increase depreciation expense for the machinery and equipment on hand at December 31, 2013 by approximately \$8 million in 2014.

Summary Unit Data

Firearms unit data for the trailing seven quarters are as follows (all amounts shown are net of Federal Excise Tax of 10% for handguns and 11% for long guns):

	2014				2013			
- -	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	
Units Ordered	155,900	145,200	395,000	249,700	390,400	525,600	1,085,300	
Units Produced	356,400	552,200	598,300	615,800	554,700	575,400	503,600	
Units Shipped	317,100	513,700	561,400	604,900	553,000	577,200	502,300	
Average Unit Sales Price	\$310	\$298	\$301	\$299	\$309	\$306	\$305	
Units on Backlog	824,700	985,900	1,354,400	1,520,800	1,876,000	2,038,600	2,090,200	

Inventories

The Company's finished goods inventory increased by 114,700 units during the first nine months of 2014. This is the first significant replenishment of finished goods inventory in several years.

Distributor inventories of the Company's products increased by 145,000 units during the first nine months of 2014 and approximate a reasonable level to support rapid fulfillment of retailer demand.

The Company reviews the estimated sell-through from the independent distributors to retailers, as well as inventory levels at the distributors and at the Company, semi-monthly in an effort to plan production levels and mitigate increases in inventory. These reviews resulted in decreased total unit production of 36% and 8%, respectively, for the three and nine months ending September 27, 2014 from the comparable prior year periods.

Inventory data for the trailing seven quarters follows:

	2014			2013			
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Units – Company Inventory	142,400	103,100	64,600	27,700	16,800	15,100	16,900
Units – Distributor Inventory (4)	350,100	325,900	201,100	205,100	95,500	64,200	47,300
Total inventory (5)	492,500	429,000	265,700	232,800	112,300	79,300	64,200

- (4) Distributor ending inventory is provided by the Company's independent distributors. These numbers do not include goods-in-transit inventory that has been shipped from the Company but not yet received by the distributors.
- (5) This total does not include inventory at retailers. The Company does not have access to data on retailer inventories of the Company's products.

Net Sales

Consolidated net sales were \$98.3 million for the three months ended September 27, 2014, a decrease of 42.5% from \$170.9 million in the comparable prior year period.

For the nine months ended September 27, 2014, consolidated net sales were \$421.9 million, a decrease of 16.7% from \$506.4 million in the comparable prior year period.

Firearms net sales were \$97.8 million for the three months ended September 27, 2014, a decrease of 41.5% from \$167.2 million in the comparable prior year period.

For the nine months ended September 27, 2014, firearms net sales were \$420.0 million, a decrease of 15.6% from \$497.5 million in the comparable prior year period.

Firearms unit shipments decreased 42.7% and 14.7% for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, from the comparable prior year periods.

Casting net sales were \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 27, 2014, a decrease of 87.1% from \$3.7 million in the comparable prior year period.

For the nine months ended September 27, 2014, castings net sales were \$1.8 million, a decrease of 79.3% from \$8.9 million in the comparable prior year period.

During 2013, the Company prioritized its internal casting needs and terminated many of its outside casting customers. As a result net casting sales decreased during the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 from the comparable prior year periods.

Cost of Products Sold and Gross Profit

Consolidated cost of products sold was \$74.6 million for the three months ended September 27, 2014, a decrease of 30.9% from \$108.0 million in the comparable prior year period.

For the nine months ended September 27, 2014, consolidated cost of products sold was \$286.7 million, a decrease of 7.9% from \$311.4 million in the comparable prior year period.

Gross margins were 24.1% and 32.1% for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, compared to 36.8% and 38.5% in comparable prior year periods as illustrated below (in thousands):

		Three Months Ended				
	September	27, 2014	September 2	September 28, 2013		
Net sales	\$ 98,327	100.0%	\$170,942	100.0%		
Cost of products sold, before LIFO, overhead and labor rate adjustments to inventory and product liability	76,785	78.1%	107,030	62.6%		
LIFO expense	388	0.4%	514	0.3%		
Overhead rate adjustments to inventory	(2,188)	(2.2)%	(59)	-		
Labor rate adjustments to inventory	(239)	(0.2)%	11	-		
Product liability	(157)	(0.2)%	506	0.3%		
Total cost of products sold	74,589	75.9%	108,002	63.2%		
Gross profit	\$ 23,738	24.1%	\$ 62,940	36.8%		

	Nine Months Ended						
	September	27, 2014	September	28, 2013			
Net sales	\$421,869	100.0%	\$506,376	100.0%			
Cost of products sold, before LIFO, overhead and labor rate adjustments to inventory and product liability	288,028	68.3%	308,238	60.9%			
LIFO expense	1,163	0.3%	1,055	0.2%			
Overhead rate adjustments to inventory	(2,810)	(0.7)%	828	0.2%			
Labor rate adjustments to inventory	(243)	(0.1)%	48	-			
Product liability	517	0.1%	1,234	0.2%			
Total cost of products sold	286,655	67.9%	311,403	61.5%			
Gross profit	\$135,214	32.1%	\$194,973	38.5%			

Cost of products sold, before LIFO, overhead and labor rate adjustments to inventory, and product liability — During the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, cost of products sold, before LIFO, overhead and labor rate adjustments to inventory, and product liability increased as a percentage of sales by 15.5% and 7.4%, respectively, compared with the comparable 2013 periods due principally to:

- reduced sales volume which deleveraged fixed costs, including depreciation, indirect labor, and engineering and product development costs,
- a product mix shift away from higher-margin firearms accessories,
- increased depreciation expense due to the reduction in the estimated useful lives of the Company's capital assets, and
- increased depreciation expense due to the \$151 million of capital equipment purchases as the Company increased firearm sales from \$144 million in 2007 to \$679 million in 2013.

<u>LIFO</u> — For the three months ended September 27, 2014, gross inventories increased by \$9.4 million and the Company recognized LIFO expense resulting in increased cost of products sold of \$0.4 million. In the comparable 2013 period, gross inventories increased by \$4.9 million and the Company recognized LIFO expense resulting in increased cost of products sold of \$0.5 million.

For the nine months ended September 27, 2014, gross inventories increased by \$28.2 million and the Company recognized LIFO expense resulting in increased cost of products sold of \$1.2 million. In the comparable 2013 period, gross inventories increased by \$5.3 million and the Company recognized LIFO expense resulting in increased cost of products sold of \$1.1 million.

Overhead Rate Adjustments — The Company uses actual overhead expenses incurred as a percentage of sales-value-of-production over a trailing six month period to absorb overhead expense into inventory. During the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, the Company was less efficient in overhead spending and the overhead rates used to absorb overhead expenses into inventory increased, resulting in increases in inventory value of \$2.2 million and \$2.8 million, respectively, and corresponding decreases to cost of products sold.

During the three months ended September 28, 2013, the impact of the overhead rate adjustment was de minimis. During the nine months ended September 28, 2013 the Company was more efficient in overhead spending and the overhead rates used to absorb overhead expenses into inventory decreased, resulting in a decrease in inventory value of \$0.8 million, and corresponding increases to cost of products sold.

<u>Labor Rate Adjustments</u> — The Company uses actual direct labor expense incurred as a percentage of sales-value-of-production over a trailing six month period to absorb direct labor expense into inventory. During the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, the Company was less efficient with labor and the labor rates used to absorb labor expense into inventory increased, resulting in increases in inventory value of \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, and corresponding decreases to cost of products sold.

During the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, the impact of the labor rate adjustment was de minimis.

<u>Product Liability</u> — This expense includes the cost of outside legal fees, insurance, and other expenses incurred in the management and defense of product liability matters.

Due to favorable experience in product liability matters during the third quarter of 2014, income of \$0.2 million was recognized. For the nine months ended September 27, 2014 product liability costs totaled \$0.5 million.

For the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, product liability costs totaled \$0.5 million and \$1.2 million, respectively. See Note 10 to the notes to the condensed financial statements "Contingent Liabilities" for further discussion of the Company's product liability.

Gross Profit — As a result of the foregoing factors, for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, gross profit was \$23.7 million and \$135.2 million, respectively, a decrease of \$39.2 million and \$59.8 million from \$62.9 million and \$195.0 million in the comparable prior year periods. Gross profit as a percentage of sales decreased to 24.1% and 32.1% in the three and nine months ended September 28, 2014 from 36.8% and 38.5% in the comparable prior year periods. The decrease in the gross profit as a percentage of sales resulted from:

- reduced sales volume which deleveraged fixed costs, including depreciation, indirect labor, and engineering and product development costs,
- a product mix shift away from higher-margin firearms accessories,
- increased depreciation expense due to the reduction in the estimated useful lives of the Company's capital assets, and
- increased depreciation expense due to the \$151 million of capital equipment purchases as the Company increased firearm sales from \$144 million in 2007 to \$679 million in 2013.

Selling, General and Administrative, and Other Operating Expenses

Selling, general and administrative, and other operating expenses were \$13.8 million and \$54.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, a decrease of \$4.4 million and \$8.1 million, or 24.1% and 12.9%, from the comparable prior year periods. These decreases are attributable to decreased volume-driven promotional selling expenses and distribution costs, and an 89% and 50% reduction in performance-based incentive compensation and profit-sharing expenses for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, respectively, from the comparable prior year periods.

Other income, net

Other income, net was \$0.6 million and \$1.1 million in the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014, compared to \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million in the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013, respectively.

Income Taxes and Net Income

The Company's effective income tax rate in the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 was 36.0% and 34.9%, respectively. The Company's effective income tax rate in the three and nine months ended September 28, 2013 was 36.5%. The decrease in the effective income tax rate in 2014 is due to the recognition of an increase in the 2013 domestic production activities deduction.

As a result of the foregoing factors, consolidated net income was \$6.8 million and \$53.4 million for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014. This represents a decrease of 76.3% and 37.0% from \$28.7 million and \$84.7 million in the comparable prior year periods.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure

In an effort to provide investors with additional information regarding its financial results, the Company refers to various United States generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") financial measures and EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure which management believes provides useful information to investors. This non-GAAP financial measure may not be comparable to similarly titled financial measures being disclosed by other companies. In addition, the Company believes that the non-GAAP financial measure should be considered in addition to, and not in lieu of, GAAP financial measures. The Company believes that this non-GAAP financial measure is useful to understanding its operating results and the ongoing performance of its underlying business, as EBITDA provides information on the Company's ability to meet its capital expenditure and working capital requirements, and is also an indicator of profitability. The Company uses both GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's financial performance.

EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, and depreciation and amortization. The Company calculates its EBITDA by adding the amount of interest expense, income tax expense, and depreciation and amortization expenses that have been deducted from net income back into net income, and subtracting the amount of interest income that was included in net income from net income.

EBITDA decreased 61% and 26% for the three and nine months ended September 27, 2014 compared to the prior year periods.

Non-GAAP Reconciliation – EBITDA

EBITDA (Unaudited, dollars in thousands)

	Three Mor	nths Ended	Nine Months Ended		
	September 27,	September 28,	September 27,	September 28,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Net income	\$ 6,781	\$ 28,671	\$ 53,387	\$ 84,697	
	·				
Income tax expense	3,815	16,481	28,648	48,684	
Depreciation and amortization					
expense	8,940	4,743	26,820	14,177	
Interest expense, net	37	40	110	95	
EBITDA	\$19,573	\$49,935	\$108,965	\$147,653	

Financial Condition

Liquidity

At the end of the third quarter of 2014, the Company's cash totaled \$28.1 million. Pre-LIFO working capital of \$122.2 million, less the LIFO reserve of \$39.7 million, resulted in working capital of \$82.5 million and a current ratio of 2.7 to 1.

Operations

Cash provided by operating activities was \$31.0 million for the nine months ended September 27, 2014 compared to \$83.7 million for the comparable prior year period. The decrease in cash provided by operations is primarily attributable to decreased profitability, increases in inventory and other assets 2014 and decreases in accounts payable and employee compensation during the nine months ended September 27, partially offset by a decrease in accounts receivable and increased depreciation expense during the same period.

Third parties supply the Company with various raw materials for its firearms and castings, such as fabricated steel components, walnut, birch, beech, maple and laminated lumber for rifle stocks, wax, ceramic material, metal alloys, various synthetic products and other component parts. There is a limited supply of these materials in the marketplace at any given time, which can cause the purchase prices to vary based upon numerous market factors. The Company believes that it has adequate quantities of raw materials in inventory or on order to provide sufficient time to locate and obtain additional items at then-current market cost without interruption of its manufacturing operations. However, if market conditions result in a significant prolonged inflation of certain prices or if adequate quantities of raw materials cannot be obtained, the Company's manufacturing processes could be interrupted and the Company's financial condition or results of operations could be materially adversely affected.

Investing and Financing

Capital expenditures for the nine months ended September 27, 2014 totaled \$28.7 million. In 2014, the Company expects to spend approximately \$40 million on capital expenditures to purchase tooling fixtures and equipment for new product introductions and to upgrade and modernize manufacturing equipment. The Company finances, and intends to continue to finance, all of these activities with funds provided by operations and current cash.

Dividends of \$28.7 million were paid during the nine months ended September 27, 2014.

On October 29, 2014, the Board of Directors authorized a dividend of 14¢ per share, for shareholders of record as of November 12, 2014, payable on November 26, 2014. The payment of future dividends depends on many factors, including internal estimates of future performance, then-current cash and short-term investments, and the Company's need for funds. The Company has financed its dividends with cash provided by operations and current cash.

During the nine months ended September 27, 2014, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock. As of September 27, 2014, \$100 million remained authorized for future stock repurchases.

The Company migrated its retirement benefits from defined-benefit pension plans to defined-contribution retirement plans, utilizing its current 401(k) plan.

The Company expects to fully fund and terminate its hourly and salaried defined-benefit pension plans in accordance with Internal Revenue Service and Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation requirements in the fourth quarter of 2014. Plan participants will not be adversely affected by the plan terminations, but rather will have their benefits either converted into a lump sum cash payment or an annuity contract placed with an insurance carrier.

The settlement and termination of the frozen pension plans are expected to result in a cash payment of approximately \$8 million and an income statement expense of approximately \$40 million in the fourth quarter of 2014.

The Company contributed \$3 million to the frozen pension plans in 2013. If the Company is successful in settling and terminating the frozen pension plans in the fourth quarter of 2014, there will be no further cash contributions in future years. If the frozen pension plans are not settled and terminated, the Company likely will be required to make cash contributions to the two defined-benefit pension plans in future years. These annual required contributions will be based on the amount of the unfunded plan liabilities derived from the frozen benefits and will not include liabilities for any future accrued benefits for any new or existing participants. The total amount of these future cash contributions will depend on the investment returns generated by the plans' assets and the then-applicable discount rates used to calculate the plans' liabilities.

Based on its unencumbered assets, the Company believes it has the ability to raise cash through the issuance of short-term or long-term debt. The Company's unsecured \$40 million credit facility, which expires on June 15, 2015, remained unused at September 27, 2014 and the Company has no debt.

Other Operational Matters

In the normal course of its manufacturing operations, the Company is subject to occasional governmental proceedings and orders pertaining to workplace safety, firearms serial number tracking and control, waste disposal, air emissions and water discharges into the environment. The Company believes that it is generally in compliance with applicable Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms & Explosives, environmental, and safety regulations and the outcome of any related proceedings or orders will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

The Company self-insures a significant amount of its product liability, workers' compensation, medical, and other insurance. It also carries significant deductible amounts on various insurance policies.

The Company has transitioned to a new enterprise resource planning system and has converted all of its manufacturing facilities and its support functions during the past two years.

The valuation of the future defined-benefit pension obligations at December 31, 2013 and 2012 indicated that these plans were overfunded by \$0.5 million and underfunded by \$19.6 million, respectively, which resulted in a cumulative other comprehensive loss of \$19.4 million and \$29.6 million on the Company's balance sheet at December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Company expects to realize its deferred tax assets through tax deductions against future taxable income.

Adjustments to Critical Accounting Policies

The Company has not made any adjustments to its critical accounting estimates and assumptions described in the Company's 2013 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 25, 2014, or the judgments affecting the application of those estimates and assumptions.

Forward-Looking Statements and Projections

The Company may, from time to time, make forward-looking statements and projections concerning future expectations. Such statements are based on current expectations and are subject to certain qualifying risks and uncertainties, such as market demand, sales levels of firearms, anticipated castings sales and earnings, the need for external financing for operations or capital expenditures, the results of pending litigation against the Company, the impact of future firearms control and environmental legislation, and accounting estimates, any one or more of which could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. The Company undertakes no obligation to publish revised forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date such forward-looking statements are made or to reflect the occurrence of subsequent unanticipated events.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Historically, the Company has been exposed to changing interest rates on its investments, which consisted primarily of United States Treasury instruments with short-term (less than one year) maturities and cash. The interest rate market risk implicit in the Company's investments at any given time is typically low, as the investments mature within short periods and the Company does not have significant exposure to changing interest rates on invested cash.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (the "Disclosure Controls and Procedures"), as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of September 27, 2014.

Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of September 27, 2014, such Disclosure Controls and Procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's periodic reports filed under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Additionally, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended September 27, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The effectiveness of any system of internal controls and procedures is subject to certain limitations, and, as a result, there can be no assurance that the Disclosure Controls and Procedures will detect all errors or fraud. An internal control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the internal control system will be attained.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The nature of the legal proceedings against the Company is discussed at Note 10 to the financial statements, which are included in this Form 10-Q.

The Company has reported all product liability cases instituted against it through June 28, 2014, and the results of those cases, where terminated, to the SEC on its previous Form 10-Q and 10-K reports, to which reference is hereby made.

There were no lawsuits formally instituted against the Company during the three months ending September 27, 2014.

During the three months ending September 27, 2014, the Company settled the previously reported case of *Browning v. Sturm, Ruger & Co., Inc.*

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors from the information provided in Item 1A. Risk Factors included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable

ITEM 4. MINING SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

- (a) Exhibits:
 - 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
 - 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
 - 32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
 - 32.2 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

FORM 10-Q FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 27, 2014

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STURM, RUGER & COMPANY, INC.

Date: October 29, 2014 S/THOMAS A. DINEEN

Thomas A. Dineen
Principal Financial Officer,
Principal Accounting Officer,
Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial
Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael O. Fifer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 29, 2014

S/MICHAEL O. FIFER

Michael O. Fifer Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Thomas A. Dineen, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") of Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Registrant");
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Report;
- 4. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this Report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

- 5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 29, 2014

S/THOMAS A. DINEEN

Thomas A. Dineen Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended September 27, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael O. Fifer, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respect, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: October 29, 2014 S/MICHAEL O. FIFER

Michael O. Fifer Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, As Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Sturm, Ruger & Company, Inc. (the "Company") for the period ended September 27, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Thomas A. Dineen, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respect, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: October 29, 2014 <u>S/THOMAS A. DINEEN</u>

Thomas A. Dineen Vice President, Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.